## E 15 FOR ENDOGENEITY

# Endogeneity in Content Analysis & Finding Strong Instruments to Resolve It John R. Busenbark

Academy of Management 2017 Content Analysis PDW August 5th, 2017



## **Benefits & Detriments of Content Analysis**

Content analysis *quantifies text* to *measure* psychological *constructs* – what people think, feel, and do – by what they say

#### Many empirical benefits

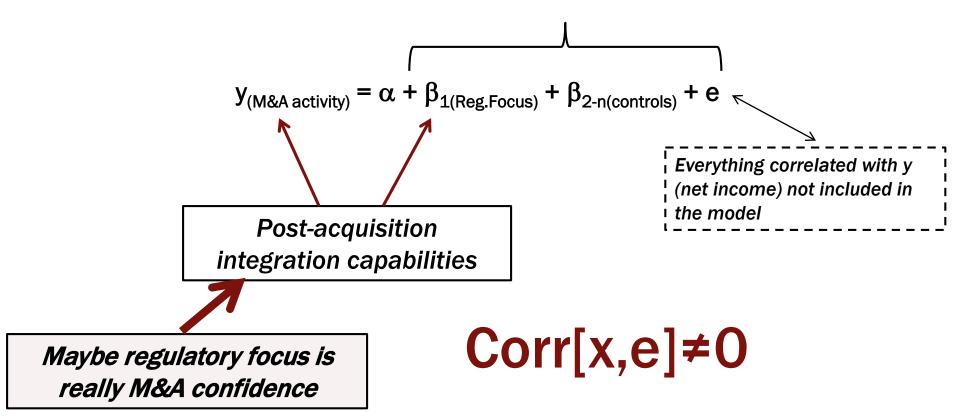
- Psychometric advantages (Aguinis & Edwards, 2014)
- Internal validity compared to archival (Short et al., 2010)
- External validity compared to self-reports (McKenny et al., 2012)
- More proximal than archival (McKenny et al., 2016)

#### Detriments owing to endogeneity

- Omitted variable bias (Semadeni et al., 2014)
  - Are subjects thinking something else that relates to the variable?
- Measurement error (Kennedy, 2008)
  - Does the measure remain the same across many contexts?

## **Endogeneity in Content Analysis**

Relationship between regulatory focus and M&A activity



"Instead of estimating the 'true' relationship between the independent and the dependent variable, OLS regression *mistakenly includes* the correlation between the independent variable and the *error term*" (Semadeni et al., 2014: 1072)

## The Solution: Two-Stage Models

#### First Stage

$$x_{(Reg.Focus)} = \alpha + \beta_{1-2(instruments)} + \beta_{3-n(predictors)} + u$$

#### **Second Stage**

$$y_{(M\&A)} = \alpha + \beta_{1(predicted x)} + \beta_{2-n(controls)} + e$$

Instruments — At least one (hopefully two) variables not correlated with "u" or "e"

- It ALL depends on instruments
  - Corrected model must be specified correctly!
    - "Weak instruments can report results that are inferior to those reported by OLS..." (Semadeni et al., 2014: 1070)
    - No instruments "can often do more harm than good" (Kennedy, 2008: 271)
- Good instruments are hard to find these days....
  - MUST be exogeneous (Kennedy, 2008)
  - MUST be strong predictors (Stock et al., 2002)
  - Almost no SMJ articles from 2005-2012 had good ones (Semadeni et al., 2014)
    - "Completely inappropriate" tests for good instruments (Larcker & Rusticus, 2010: 192)

## **A Glimmer of Hope**

#### Instruments in content analysis

- Several content-analysis related instruments
- Finding the right one depends on the context
  - Whether the content analysis constructs is the IV, DV, or both

#### Independent variable is from content analysis

- E.g., Regulatory focus predicts M&A activity (Gamache et al., 2015)
- E.g., Mentioning phrases predicts analyst downgrades (Busenbark et al. forthcoming)
  - Number of characters in a document
  - Number of documents released
  - Number of relevant sections in the document
  - Size of the document/size of images in the document
  - Other content analysis constructs discriminant from the DV

## **More Glimmers of Hope**

#### Dependent variable is from content analysis

- E.g., Firm wrongdoing on tenor of media coverage (Zavyalova et al., 2012)
- E.g., CSR and media praise (Petrenko et al., 2016)
  - Archival financial data
  - Arellano-Bond estimation
  - Industry characteristics
  - Geographic characteristics

#### Independent and dependent variables from content analysis

- E.g., Positive media predicts more positive media (Pollock et al., 2008)
- E.g., Entrepreneurial language predicts legitimacy (Gao et al., 2016)
  - Number of characters in IV documents
  - Financial data theorized to predict IV
  - Arellano-Bond estimation if outcome is to an event
  - Executive demographic characteristics

## A Couple Caveats on these Instruments

#### Some can represent important constructs

- Number of characteristics reflects info complexity (Loughran & McDonald, 2014)
- Number of documents can reflect litigation or abnormal behavior (Donelson et al., 2012)
- Ensure industry or geography is not an important component of the DV construct (Wang et al., 2014)
- Arellano-Bond estimation is requires great precision (Arellano & Bond, 1991)

#### Don't jump into two-stage models too quickly

- They're not the most efficient
- May present significant Type II errors
- Think through your content analyses constructs conceptually

### **Thank You!**

## **ANY QUESTIONS?**

#### References

- Aguinis, H. & Edwards, J. R. 2014. Methodological wishes for the next decade and how to make wishes come true. Journal of Management Studies, 51(1): 143-174.
- Arellano, M. & Bond, S. 1991. Some tests of specification for panel data: Monte Carlo evidence and an application to employment equations. The Review of Economic Studies, 58(2): 277-297.
- Bettis, R., Gambardella, A., Helfat, C., & Mitchell, W. 2014. Quantitative empirical analysis in strategic management. Strategic Management Journal, 35(7): 949-953.
- Busenbark, J. R., Lange, D., & Certo, S. T. forthcoming. Foreshadowing as impression management: Illuminating the path for security analysts. Strategic Management Journal, doi:10.1002/smj.2659.
- Donelson, D. C., McInnis, J. M., Mergenthaler, R. D., & Yu, Y. 2012. The timeliness of bad earnings news and litigation risk. The Accounting Review, 87(6): 1967-1991.
- Gamache, D., McNamara, G., Mannor, M., & Johnson, R. 2015. Motivated to acquire? The impact of CEO regulatory focus on firm acquisitions. Academy of Management Journal, 58(4): 1261-1282.
- Gao, H., Yu, T., & Cannella, A. A. 2016. The use of public language in strategy: A multidisciplinary review and research agenda. *Journal of Management*, 42(1): 21-54.
- Hamilton, B. H. & Nickerson, J. A. 2003. Correcting for endogeneity in strategic management research. Strategic Organization, 1(1):51-78.
- Kennedy, P. 2008. A Guide to Econometrics (2nd Edition ed.). Oxford, UK: Blackwell.
- Larcker, D. F. & Rusticus, T. O. 2010. On the use of instrumental variables in accounting research. *Journal of Accounting and Economics*, 49(3): 186-205.
- Loughran, T. & McDonald, B. 2014. Measuring readability in financial disclosures. The Journal of Finance, 69(4): 1643-1671.
- McKenny, A. F., Short, J. C., Zachary, M. A., & Payne, G. T. 2012. Assessing espoused goals in private family firms using content analysis. Family Business Review, 25(3): 298-317.
- McKenny, A. F., Aguinis, H., Short, J. C., & Anglin, A. H. 2016. What doesn't get measured does exist: Improving the accuracy of computer-aided text analysis. *Journal of Management*: dor: 0149206316657594.
- Petrenko, O. V., Aime, F., Ridge, J., & Hill, A. 2015. Corporate social responsibility or CEO narcissism? CSR motivations and organizational performance. Strategic Management Journal, 37(2): 262-279.
- Pollock, T. G., Rindova, V. P., & Maggitti, P. G. 2008. Market watch: Information and availability cascades among the media and investors in the US IPO market. Academy of Management Journal, 51(2): 335-358.
- Semadeni, M., Withers, M. C., & Certo, S. T. 2014. The perils of endogeneity and instrumental variables in strategy research: Understanding through simulations. Strategic Management Journal, 35(7):1070-1079.
- Short, J. C., Ketchen Jr, D. J., Combs, J. G., & Ireland, R. D. 2010. Research methods in entrepreneurship: Opportunities and challenges. Organizational Research Methods, 13(1): 6-15.
- Stock, J. H., Wright, J. H., & Yogo, M. 2002. A survey of weak instruments and weak identification in generalized method of moments. *Journal of Business & Economic Statistics*, 20(4): 518-529.
- Wang, L., Madhok, A., & Xiao Li, S. 2014. Agglomeration and clustering over the industry life cycle: Toward a dynamic model of geographic concentration. Strategic Management Journal, 35(7): 995-1012.
- Zavyalova, A., Pfarrer, M. D., Reger, R. K., & Shapiro, D. L. 2012. Managing the message: The effects of firm actions and industry spillovers on media coverage following wrongdoing. Academy of Management Journal, 55(5): 1079-1101.